# Defense of Investment Professionals: Securities Litigation in the FINRA Arbitration Setting

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# **Investment Professionals Exposed to Claims**

## **They Have Many Titles**

- Financial Planners
- Financial Advisors
- Wealth Managers
- Stock Brokers
- Variable Life Insurance Agents
- Investment Advisors
- Chartered Financial Analysts
- Money Managers

## **But Generally**

- They are Registered Representatives of Broker-Dealers, or
- They are Registered Representatives of Investment Advisors
- They Often Are Called "Associated Persons" (Associated With a BD or IA)





# What is FINRA?

- Financial Industry Regulatory Authority
- FINRA is a Self Regulatory Organization
   Authorized by the 1934 Exchange Act
- Successor to the National Association of Securities Dealers ("NASD")
- Established to Enforce Standards of Conduct of Broker-Dealers and Their Registered Representatives
- It Promulgates Rules for Broker Conduct,
   Discipline, and Reporting
- It Requires Representatives to Agree to Arbitration of Disputes
  - Customer Disputes
  - Employment Disputes
  - Disputes Between Industry Entities
- It Enforces Arbitration Clauses in Broker-Dealer/Customer Agreements



# PROCEDURE FOR CUSTOMER DISPUTES

www.finra.org



# **FINRA Arbitration: Initial Steps**

- Arbitration of Securities Customer Disputes is Required:
  - By Written Agreement
  - If Requested By Customer
  - Rule 12200
- What Claims are Not Arbitrable?
  - Class Action Claims (Rule 12204)
  - Shareholder Derivative Actions (Rule 12205)
- Claimant Filing Fees Range from \$50 to \$1,800 (Rule 12900)
- FINRA Members Must Pay Filing Fees Ranging from \$150 to \$3,750 (Rule 12901)
- Commenced by Claimant Filing with FINRA of a Submission Agreement and a Statement of Claim (Rule 12302)

 Respondents Must Serve Within 45
 Days a Submission Agreement and an Answer (Rule 12303)

#### <u>Answer</u>

- Ignore Notice Pleading (Court) Rules
- Never Use a General Denial
  - Panel May Bar Defenses
  - Rule 12308
- Explain Your Liability Defense in Detail
- Explain Your Damages Defense in Detail
- Attach Key Exhibits that are Vital
- Try to Influence the Panel Early On
- May be Narrative in Nature
- Not the Time for String Cites
- A Balance of Detail and Brevity



# What Laws/Rules Might the Claims Involve?

#### **Statutes/Common Law**

- Securities Act of 1933
- Securities Exchange Act of 1934
- Investment Company Act of 1940
- Investment Advisors Act
- Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- ERISA
- S.E.C. Rule 10b-5
- RICO
- State "Blue Sky" Laws
- State Insurance Agent Laws
- Common Law Fraud/Negligent Misrepresentation
- Deceptive Trade Practices Acts
- Breach of Fiduciary Duty
- Breach of Contract
- Professional Negligence

#### **FINRA Rules**

- The "Standards of Commercial Honor and Principles of Trade Rule"
  - Rule 2010
- The "Fair Dealing With Customers" Rule
  - Rule 2111
- The "Know Your Customer" Rule
  - Rule 2090
- The Investment "Suitability" Rule
  - Rule 2111

#### Focus of the Law/Rules

- To Prevent Fraud
- To Prevent Other Unfairness to Customers
- To Maintain Market Integrity



# What Claims Contexts Are Seen?

- Portfolio Churning or Overtrading
- Overexposure to Thin Market Investments
- High Commission Product Focus
- Investments Unsuitable for the Customer (Most Frequent)
- Margin Call Account Stress/Liquidation
- Unauthorized Trading
- Failure of BD or IA to Supervise
- Misrepresentation/Omission of Risk in Product Advocacy
- Inattentiveness to Customer Requests
- Self Dealing
- Securities Price Manipulation
- "Frontrunning "(Trade Execution for Broker Ahead of Customer Order)

- Order Failure
- Broker Ignorance/Negligence
- Forgery
- Sales by Unregistered Broker
- Sales of Unregistered Securities
- ERISA Claims
- "Selling Away" Claims (Sales of Products Not Marketed by the BD)
- Market Manipulation or "Chop Shop" Sales (Excessive Spread Markups)
- Internet Trading Cases
- Misappropriation of Portfolio Assets by the Representative
- Breakpoint Sales

1 David E. Robbins, Securities Arbitration Procedure Manual, ch. 5 (5th ed. 2013)



# **Defenses**

- Customer Sophistication
- Ratification Receipt of Statements
- Market Crash
- In Pari Delicto
- Similar Trading in Other Accounts
- Failure to Mitigate
- Customer Made the Decisions
- Out of Pocket Loss Rule
- Lack of Scienter (S.E.C. Rule 10(b)-5)
- Customer Contributory Negligence
- Impropriety of Hindsight Bias
- Prospectus Defense
- Rules: No Private Action Right

- Customer Directed Trades
- No Customer Objections When Account Rose in Value
- No Causation
- Broker Acted in Good Faith
- BD Supervised Adequately
- Customer Knew Losses Were Possible
- Customer Observed Volatility
- "Eligible" Claims: Those Within 6
   Years of Occurrence or Event (Rule 12206)
  - Court Action Not Foreclosed
  - Motion Loss may Mean Fees,
     Costs and Sanctions

1 David E. Robbins, Securities Arbitration Procedures Manual, §5-7 to §5-17 (5th ed. 2009)



# **Arbitrator Number and Selection**

## **Number of Arbitrators**

- Claims of \$50,000 or Less: 1
- Claims of More than \$50,000 Up to \$100,000: 1 Unless All Agree to 3
- Claims of More than \$100,000: 3 Unless All Agree to 1
- Rule 12401

## **Types of Arbitrators**

- Chair-Qualified Public Arbitrator
- Public Arbitrator
- Non-Public Arbitrator

#### <u>Selection</u>

- FINRA Maintains a Neutral List Selection Roster
- Selected Arbitrator May be Challenged for Partiality/Bias
  - Rules 12406, 12407

# Candidate Disclosures/Strikes

- 1 Arbitrator Cases:
  - Parties are Given a List of 10
     Candidates from the
     Chairperson Roster
  - Candidates Make Disclosures
  - Strikes/Rankings Occur
- 3 Arbitrator Cases:
  - Parties are Given Lists of 10
     Candidates from Each of the
     Chairperson, Public and Non-Public Arbitrator Rosters
  - Candidates Make Disclosures
  - Strikes/Rankings Occur
- Rules 12400 to 12405



# **Arbitrator (Panel) Jurisdiction**

- Arbitrator/Panel May Interpret and Determine Applicability of All Provisions of the Code
  - Rule 12409
- Majority Vote Wins in 3-Arbitrator Panels
  - Rule 12410

## Helpful Resources

▶ The FINRA Arbitrator's Manual, and:



#### Fifth Edition

VOLUME 1

DAVID E. ROBBINS

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# What Happens Next Procedurally?

## **Prehearing Conferences**

- Initial Conference Typically Held By Telephone (Rule 12500)
- Arbitrator/Panel Will Set Discovery,
   Briefing, and Motion Deadlines, and
   Will Address Other Preliminary
   Matters
- Other Conferences May Be Scheduled at Party's Request (Rule 12501)
  - Discovery Disputes, Motions, Unresolved Scheduling Matters, Other Matters
  - Typically Held by Telephone

#### **Dispositive Motion Practice**

- Use Sparingly!
- Motions to Dismiss Before Conclusion of Party's Case are Discouraged
  - Due 60 Days Before Hearing
  - Response Due 45 Days Before Hearing
  - Replies Due 5 Days Before Hearing
- Loser Must Pay Costs; If Frivolous, Fees Too
- Risk of Other Sanctions if Bad Faith Found
- Other Motion Rules Have Different Procedures
- Rule 12504



# FINRA Discovery: Documents Must Be Produced

- FINRA "Discovery Guide" (www.finra.org)
- Documents Described in the Document Production Lists are Presumptively Discoverable (Rule 12506 (a))
  - List 1 (Respondent Documents)
  - List 2 (Claimant Documents)
  - Lists Need Not be Served
- Responses Due: 60 Days After Answer
- Arbitrators Can Order Production of Other Documents (Rule 12507)
  - Must Be Controversy-Specific
- Non-Parties May Be Ordered to Produce Documents via Subpoena (Rule 12512)
- Or Without a Subpoena (Rule 12513)

- Confidentiality Orders Available
- Objections
- Cost/Burden Disproportionality
- Any Objection Not Made is Waived
  - Rule 12508

#### **Motion to Compel**

- Meet and Confer Required Before Motion
- Motions Require No Particular Form
- Served 20 Days Before Hearing
- Responses Due 10 Days From Receipt of Motion
- Replies Due 5 Days From Receipt of Response
- Discovery Motions Decided by 1
   Arbitrator, Usually Chair (if Panel)
  - Rules 12503, 12509



# **Documents Respondents Must Produce**

- Account Record Information
- Customer's Risk Tolerance Documents
- Parties' Agreements
- Correspondence/Notes
- Trading Strategy Documents
- Trading Authorization Documents
- Prospectuses, Research Reports, etc.
- BD Supervisory Notes
- Telephone Logs, Notes, Recordings
- Compliance Department Communications
- Representative's U-4, U-5 and Other Disclosure Reports

- BD's Manuals/Bulletins
- Account Analyses/Reconciliations
- Exception Reports/Activity Reviews
- Internal Audit Reports re Representative or Account
- Disciplinary Action Reports re Representative
- Regulator Investigation Reports
- Documents Received By Subpoena
- Representative's Compensation
   Earned on the Account
- Agreements Between
   Representative and BD
- Customer's Insurance Holdings (When Claim Involves an Insurance Product)



# **Documents Claimants Must Produce**

- Federal Tax Returns
- Financial Statements
- Documents Received from Respondent
- Account Statements from Non-Party Securities Firms
- Documents Relating to Accounts at Respondent
- Account Analyses/Reconciliations
   Prepared by Claimant
- Correspondence/Notes re Account
- Telephone Notes, Logs, Recordings and Records
- Account Evaluations Prepared by Accountants, Tax Advisors, Others

- Customer Ownership/Control Over Allied Entities Proof
- Documents Customer Received re Subject Investments
- Proof of Unauthorized Trading Documents
- Other Investment Opportunities
   Documents
- Claimant's Resume including Educational/Employment Documents
- Documents Received By Subpoena
- Insurance Documents if Insurance
   Product is Involved
- Customer Prior Claim Documents



# Otherwise FINRA Discovery Is Constrained

- Standard Interrogatories Generally Are Not Permitted (Rule 12507)
- But "Requests for Information" May Be Served
  - Generally Limited to Person/Entity
     Identification and Time Period Data
  - Must Not Require Fact Finding or Narrative Answers
- Parties May Request Additional
   Documents 45 Days or More After
   Service of the Statement of Claim
  - Response Due 60 Days Later
  - Dispute-Triggering Requests
    - Unrelated Customer Complaints
    - Arbitration Awards Against BD or Representative
    - Self-Critical Analysis Documents
    - Scope of Computer Database Requests

- Depositions Are "Strongly Discouraged" (Rule 12510)
- Panel May Only Allow Depositions:
  - To Preserve Testimony
  - To Accommodate Essential Witnesses
  - To Expedite Complex Cases
  - If Extraordinary Circumstances Exist
- Stonewalling and Scorched Earth
   Approaches Will Taint Your Credibility
   With the Arbitrator
- Objections May be Made to List
   Documents or Other Requests
  - Must Be Request-Specific
  - Objection Not Made is Waived
  - Rule 12508
- Don't Forget Outside Investigation
  - Internet Searches
    - Google, Social Media
  - Court Record Searches
  - Governmental Data re BD

September 18-19, 2014, The Westin Georgetown, Washington, D.C.



# **Expert Witness Practice**

# Types of Experts Sought/Encountered

- Securities Attorneys
- Industry Alumni
- Accountants
- Former Governmental Agency Leaders
- Registered Representatives
- Finance, Business, Insurance, Law Professors

## **Challenging Adverse Experts**

- Impeachment Material Through Discovery
- Impeachment Material Through Other Sources
- Preclusion Order (No Foundation)
- Admissions Through Effective Cross (Expert Depositions are Unlikely)

#### Purpose for Expert Retention

- Challenge Loss Causation
- Degrade Customer's Expert's Methods
- Explain Trading Patterns
- Describe Industry Practices
- Explain Product Complexity
- Support Suitability of Investments
- Track Account Profits/Losses
- Perform Mitigation of Damages Computations
- Support Standard of Care Arguments
- Describe Broker Obligations
- Prove Supervision by BD or IA
- Explain Margin Facts and Fairness



# **FINRA Pre-Hearing Process**

## "Twenty Day" Actions (Rule 12514)

- At Least 20 Days Before the Hearing the Parties:
  - Must Produce Documents/Hearing Exhibits Not Previously Produced
  - Must Serve/File Witness List
  - Must Submit Joint Request for an Explained Decision
- Documents/Witnesses Not
   Disclosed are Excluded Absent
   Good Cause

#### Postponement Requests (Rule 12601)

- Requires a Motion, Plus Good
   Cause if Within 10 Days of Hearing
- Postponement Fees Will be Charged



## Mediation (Rule 14104)

- Voluntary All Must Agree
- See Code of Mediation Procedure





# **FINRA Hearing Process**

## <u>Subpoenas</u>

- Panel May Issue Subpoenas
  - For Document Production
  - For Witness Appearance
  - Requires a Motion
- But Panel Should Not Issue
   Subpoena to Non-Party FINRA
   Members
  - Panel May Simply Order Them to Comply
  - Requesting Party Must Pay Non-Party's Expenses
  - Non-Party May Object to Order
  - Panel Will Decide Dispute
- Rules 12512, 12513

# Place/Order

- Typically Held at Location Closest to Claimant
- Claimant Goes First, Respondent Follows
  - Rule 12607

#### **Evidence**

- Panel Not Required to Follow Evidence Rules
  - Rule 12604
- Document Production Does Not Create Presumption of Admissibility

## Record

- Tape, Digital or Other Recording
  - Rule 12606
  - Party May Pay For Stenographic Record



# **FINRA Hearing Process**

## Claims Involving \$50,000 or Less

- Simplified Arbitration Procedure
  - No Hearing Absent Claimant Request
  - Discovery is Limited
  - Rule 12800Hearing Session Fees
- Range from \$50 to \$1,200 (Rule 12902)
- Panel Will Decide the Amount Each Party Will Pay
- Panel Also Will Determine Costs and Disbursements and Who Pays
- FINRA Members Also Must Pay Hearing Process Fees (Rule 12903)

## Awards are Public

- Majority Decides/30 Day Rule
- Explained Decision Option
  - Rule 12904





# **Measures of Damages**

- Out of Pocket Loss Measure
  - What is the Total Decline in Account Value?
- Benefit of Bargain Measure
  - What is Expected Future Value Based on Customer's Understanding?
- Market-Adjusted DamagesMeasure
  - Comparable Index Approach
  - What Would the Account Show if it Had Been Handled Legitimately?
  - What is the Excess Portfolio Decline?

- Disgorgement Measure
  - Awards Wrongdoer's Enrichment to Customer
- Rescission Measure
  - Returns Customer to StatusQuo Ante





1 David E. Robbins, Securities Arbitration Procedures Manual, §§6-7, 6-8 (5<sup>th</sup> ed. 2009)



# **Damages Calculations/Other Issues**

#### **Account Value Calculations**

- Cash/Securities Deposited
- Dividends/Interest Received
- Margin Interest Paid
- Cash/Securities Withdrawn
- Determine Start Date
- Determine End Date
- May Need Expert Support



# **Other Damages Issues**

- Is Prejudgment Interest Recoverable?
- Is Disgorgement of Commissions Recoverable?
- Is Margin Interest Recoverable?
- Should Capital Gain Tax Timing be Considered?
- Is Failure to Mitigate a Defense?
- Is the Customer's Tax Benefit (Loss Write-off) a Damages Defense?

1 David E. Robbins, Securities Arbitration Procedures Manual, §§6-7, 6-8 (5th ed. 2009)



# **Damages Defenses**

## **Damages Defenses**

- Out of Pocket Loss Measure
  - Must be the Net Loss
  - Argue Over the Calculations
- Benefit of Bargain Measure
  - Some Courts Require
     Reasonable Certainty BOP
  - Deny Any Specific Promise
  - No Broker Can Guarantee Profits
  - Show No Out-of-Pocket Loss
- Market-Adjusted DamagesMeasure
  - It is Inherently Speculative
  - Challenge the Comparative Indexes Used

- Disgorgement Measure
  - Raise the Level of "Excessive" Trading Up
  - Speculative to Say Customer
     Would Have Sold Securities at a Profit
- Rescission Measure
  - Mitigation, if Customer Retains
     Shares in an Active Market
  - Check State Law Defenses





# **Judicial Review**

- Awards are Final "Unless the Applicable Law Directs Otherwise"
  - Rule 12904
- Constrained by Federal Arbitration Act Limits
- Grounds to Vacate
  - Evident Arbitrator Partiality
  - Manifest Disregard for the Law
  - Panel Exceeded Powers
  - Fraud, Corruption, Undue Means
  - Party Prejudice
    - Refusal to Postpone
    - Refusal to Hear Evidence

- Presumption: Award Made on Permissible Grounds
- Make Sure Transcript is Available
- A Slim Chance of Success
- Rule 11 is Lurking About





# **Expungement of Adverse Outcomes**

- Very Important to a Regulated
   Person if a \$15,000+ Settlement is
   Paid
- Clients or Potential Clients Can Access Claim History
  - Data Accessible on FINRA Website, "BrokerCheck"

## **BrokerCheck®**

- Expungement Grounds
  - Court Order Required
  - Generally FINRA Must be Joined
  - Requires Proof: (a) Claim is Impossible or Clearly Erroneous,
     (b) Respondent was Not Involved, or (c) Claim is False
  - Rule 2080

- Expungement Relief Difficult
  - Panel Must Hold a Hearing
  - Panel Must Conclude a Rule 2080
     Ground is Met
  - Movant Must Pay Forum Fees
  - Rule 12805
- Take Away: Very Difficult to Achieve





# **Conclusion**



